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The Vast Limitless Expanse An Introduction to Cutting Through

From the Khandro Nyingthig, Heart Bindu of the Dakinis

By Padmasambhava & Revealed by Padma Ledrel Tsal

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I prostrate to the ultimate expanse of the all-pervasive essence! For fortunate ones to enter the path, the oral instructions of the vital points are taught. This has two parts: cutting through and direct crossing.

I. Cutting Through

In same way that all phenomena of appearances and existence are unconfined and unrestricted, the meaning of their primordially pure essence is uncontrived and primordially free from exertion. If confident realization in one's mindstream has not been attained, it is meaningless.

It says in the *Luminous Expanse*:

The dharmas of the vehicles are complete in essence.

The essence is the meaning of all the dharmas.

Without that, words and such become meaningless.

Therefore, the introduction to the meaning of the ground of cutting through, just as it is, is very important.

I.I. Cutting the Root of Thoughts

From the completely non-established empty essence of the mind, various forms of radiance arise subtly. Since [the union] of emptiness and luminosity is not understood, one becomes attached to self-grasping in one's mindstream. Thus one wanders in cyclic existence.

It says in the Liberation of Wearing:

The root of existence is self-grasping itself.

As for cutting the root, underlying all the activities of beings there is other basis besides body, speech, and mind. Therefore, of this body, speech, and mind which is the one that wanders in cyclic existence below? What is wished for in wishing for the attainment of Buddhahood above? What acts as the support for all happiness and suffering? Do body, speech, and mind, act individually or do they act as a group? By investigating, one will resolve that the root agent is the mind.

It says in the *Luminous Expanse*:

There is one sole ground of cyclic existence and beyond.

1.2. Finding the Secret of Mind

If the agent is the mind, then before the ground of mind was divided into cyclic existence and beyond, what mind wandered in cyclic existence in the beginning? Who makes it? If one likewise investigates the existence of wandering, one will find that it cannot be found anywhere.

It says is the Garland of Pearls:

In the primordial purity of the beginning itself Not even the name of confusion exists. Likewise how could there be non-confusion? Therefore, confusion is pure from the beginning.

1.3. Investigating Arising, Abiding, and Going

In that way, the secret of the ground is not found. Still, one should investigate the duration this root of clinging to cyclic existence and beyond. Where does it arise in the outer vessel, inner contents, outer, inner, upper, or lower body? What is the root born from? Where does it abide now and where is it likewise based? In the end where does it go? By investigating whether or not it is obstructed, one will understand that it does not arise from anywhere, it does not abide anywhere, and it does not go anywhere. One thus will come to understand the meaning of changelessness free from a root.

It says in the Liberation of Wearing:

Outer and inner conceptual labeling is primordially liberated emptiness.

In that way, one then investigates the consciousness itself that does the investigating and examining. However, since its nature is not established, not even an atom can be found. By likewise seeing that the empty nature is also free from a root, self-grasping is liberated in its own place. In that way, if the root of self-grasping is liberated in its own place, discursive thoughts which are the root of the existence of a subject and object are also liberated in their own place. For example if the root of a tree is cut, the leaves on the trunk automatically become dry.

It says in the scriptures:

If one knows that the ground of all is completely pure, The manifest meaning of the ground is liberated in its own place.

1.4. Introducing Discursive Thoughts as the Mind

These wild thoughts of the self-energy of awareness are called mind. Within the way of the arising awareness of self-appearances, all gross, subtle, and unidentified thoughts are subsumed. Furthermore, the vivid awareness and emptiness essence is traceless. It is self-arising and self-liberated. It does not pass beyond the luminous empty essence. It is like waves moving in the ocean or a breeze moving in the sky.

It says in the *Luminous Expanse*:

The mental activity from mind is the energy of awareness.

All appearances and consciousness are pure.

There is nothing other than awareness.

1.5. Introducing the Mind as Emptiness

In that way, the elaborating mind does not exist from the ground up. By likewise investigating, the essence which is taught also does not have a basis. Even though the examples of mere luminosity and mere awareness appear, it is without example. It is not truly shown. These so called words are without a basis. For example, there is nothing whatsoever that can illustrate the dharmatā of the enlightened mind which is like uncompounded space.

It says in the tantras:

By looking inwards at the agent of stirring, Unabandoned, it is self-liberated like a breeze.

It says in *No Letters*:

In the view of self-arisen primordial wisdom

There is no object of analysis.

There is nothing which passed before.

There is nothing that will occur later.

There is nothing that exists now.

There is no karma.

There are no habitual tendencies.

There is no unawareness.

There is no mind.

There is no wisdom.

There is no samsāra.

There is no nirvāna.

There is not even the existence of awareness itself.

There is nothing which appears as primordial wisdom.

All those arise from the graspless.

1.6. Introducing Emptiness as Appearance

Without existing, appearing energy appears as everything. Pervading everything, it is without change. It is without limitation and does not fall into partiality. In the essence of the dharmakāya itself, there is nothing that does not exist and everything can arise.

It says in the tantras:

Unobstructed energy arises as everything. It is empty luminous awareness and unchanging.

1.7 Introducing Appearance and Emptiness as Non-Dual

In that way, the existence of causes and conditions of all appearances is not to be found. In this without action or partiality appearances pervade the expanse of the nature of mind. However, even though there are appearances, their essence is empty. This is like the [reflection] of planets and stars in the ocean, which primordially abide as non-dual appearance and emptiness.

It says in Self-Liberation:

The vessel and contents are primordially emptiness. The ultimate and the relative are endowed with this form.

It says in the *Union of the Sun and Moon:*

For whoever realizes that all objects of conceptual appearances Are without any self-nature Non-dual appearance and emptiness are in that.

1.8. Introducing Non-Duality as Self-Liberated

The awareness of the self-arisen ultimate meaning is self liberated non-dual luminosity and emptiness. That is the introduction to the realization of the Buddhas. Self-awareness does not have substance or characteristics. This intangible empty essence is Samantabhadri of the dharmakāya. The emptiness of emptiness is not [merely] nothing. In its own place there is clarity and lucidity. This is Samantabhadra of the dharmakāya. By recognizing the primordial wisdom of self-arisen non-dual luminosity and emptiness in that way, one is liberated into the dharmakāya of self-awareness free from elaborations. By recognizing the ceaseless energy of awareness one is liberated into the saṃbhogakāya. By recognizing whatever appears as self-arisen and self-liberated, one is liberated into the nirmāṇakāya.

It says in Decorated with Jewels:

The complete Buddha is self-awareness. The essence of the three times is unchanging.

It says in the *Reverberation of Sound:*

That which is called the liberation of one's mind
Does not pass from one into two.
The mind is not liberated by anyone.
Since there is completion from the ground there is no going or coming.
Nothing is found through investigation. It has no characteristics.
Since the ground has no root, it abides as emptiness and luminosity.

1.9. Introduction to the Self-Liberation of the Five Poisons

As for the introduction to the display of the primordial wisdom of the self-liberated discursive thoughts of the five poisons, looking into the mind of the five poisons without distraction, without abandoning the afflictive emotions, they are self-purified in the state of primordial wisdom. Thus they are liberated. Ignorance is non-thought. Its essence is emptiness that is not established whatsoever. Since it does not waver from that, it is self-liberated as the primordial wisdom of the dharmadhātu. Since anger is clarity, it is self-liberated as mirror-like primordial wisdom. Since pride over all, it is self-liberated in the luminosity and emptiness of the primordial wisdom of equanimity. Recognizing desire as unceasing, it is discriminating primordial wisdom. Thus, it is liberated within bliss and emptiness. Recognizing jealousy as unobstructed, it is self-liberated as activity-accomplishing primordial wisdom. In that way, all the 84,000 afflictive emotions, which arise from the five root afflictive emotions, are liberated within self-awareness. By knowing one of all the 84,000 doors of the dharma, which extend from the five root primordial wisdoms, one becomes a master of all. By knowing all, one is self-liberated through one.

It says in the *Luminous Expanse*:

The ground of all saṃsāra and nirvāṇa is unique. It arises from self-arisen primordial wisdom itself. That awareness is merely called primordial wisdom.

It also says:

Since various things are the energy of awareness, They are liberated within the emptiness of awareness. This is like subjects and a king.

I.IO. Introduction to the Self-Liberation of the Collection of the Six [Senses]

Looking at the appearances of the objects and their subject, subtle thoughts, and gross thoughts subsumed within the collection of the six senses, they have no self-nature. Thus, they are liberated like a rainbow fading into space. From the one root they unceasingly arise individually. However, they do not stray from the space-like primordial wisdom of the self-arisen essence. Stirring is purified in its own place and thus liberated.

It says in the *Union of the Sun and Moon:*

Whoever realizes that all phenomena of conceptualized appearances Have no self-nature,
For this person, appearances and emptiness are non-dual.
The collection of the six [senses] unceasingly falls.

In that way, by looking with no distraction from a state beyond conception and without expression, one is liberated from all grasping to phenomena. From the beginning one is self-liberated in the ground of primordial purity. In that way, by focusing the intellect on the meaning of realization, there is no meditation. Through not meditating upon meditation, one is self-liberated from grasping. Not separating from the meaning of non-meditation is the dharma of confidence. Since there is one's self-luminous essence, one is not sullied by discursive thoughts. All is self-liberated into the display of great primordial wisdom. The light of great primordial wisdom naturally arises without an outside or inside. Having neither mindfulness nor distraction is the dharma of confidence. Thus one gains certainty.

It says in No Letters:

Since there is no view, there is no basis to look at it. Understand that in a state of the non-fabricated view.

It also says:

If one realizes the meaning of there being nothing to view, Do not pass from the meaning of the view.

The view automatically does not exist. It is non-existent.

Abide within that state.

It is taught:

By recognizing in that way, The meaning is self-abiding. Elaboration is self-severed. Characteristics are self-liberated.

By comprehending that, [one understands] cutting through. The fruit is self-complete. Knowing one thing, all is liberated.

It says in the Reverberation of Sound:

Since self-awareness is free from all thoughts, There are the four great modes of liberation. Since there is primordial liberation, the ground is not repeated. Since there is inherent liberation, there is no antidote. Since there is naked liberation, the seen object fades away. Since there is full liberation, there is no effort.

It also says:

If one's mind is liberated in that way, One attains Buddhahood without the bardo.

Therefore such an introduction is very important!

2. Instructions of Direct Crossing

These are understood from other sources.

These oral instructions of the introduction were given to the Dākinī Yeshe Tsogyal [by Guru Padmasambhava]. May these meet with fortunate ones in the future!

Samaya Gya Gya Gya Ithi

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र् दें त्रितात्तर्यादेव भी र्रोदाया ध्रमायक्या येश अवाय्व यया दुः यहमायायश मवद भी वया मद्रस्य यक्ष्र्व य वे गार्वे का यक्षः विग्रव के प्रत्य के प्रत्य के प्रत्य के प्रत्य के प्रत्य के विष्ठ्य के प्रत्य के का विश्व के क उर्-कुःकर्-धुँग्रान्युर-भेर्-पः अप्वर्डेश्-र्हेत्यःश्चृ्वायो त्रश्च्याययविदे र्दे विष्णार्त्रा गार्ना गीर्ने दश कुर्-त्याहेंग्रा पतिः गरिदः अः विवादः देवः अर्दः देशः विवाद्याया अशः विगायतेः क्षेत्रात्त्र अशः देशे विवादः विवादिः विव इस्रश्रातुन मुः देवः देसे दर्भे प्रस्वा श्रिष्य श्रिष्य स्वा देवा से देवा स्वा देवा स्वा स्व स्व स्व स्व स्व स यशम्दरश्चु र्क्षेष्वश्चात्र्यः विद्यार्थः विदेश क्षेष्टः महावाद्यः विद्यान्यः विद्यान्यः विद्यान्यः विद्यान्यः यश्राद्यम्य प्रतिष्ठभ्रश्रायाः विद्याने प्रतिष्ठ विद्या । विद्या प्रतिष्ठ । विद्या विद्या प्रतिष्ठ । विद्या मलव रु. तर्गे कु से र प्रमाः स्मार्थि र मा सुसार्थे र तर्रे दे र समार दिन मा स्मार्थि । ष्परः सदसः मुक्षः व्यवः प्रदर्भेदः प्रदे दः प्रदे देशः प्रदे देशः प्रदे देशः प्रदे देशः स्वरं स्वरं स्वरं स्वरं दमा: धेन् : मञ्जूअ: र्के: कें: चर्या द्वेन : न्या केंग् : चर्या केंग् : चर्या केंग् : चर्या केंग् : चर्या केंग : वर्या केंग्या केंग् : चर्या केंग्या केंग्य वगः केंद्रः यमः त्युमः में भींद्रः वाष्ट्राया याषा । ज्याः वाष्ट्रियाः वाष्ट्रियः वाष्ट्राया विश्वः विष्टा केंश्वः । देवाः श्रेयशः ग्रीः सर्वरः पर्दयः प्रादेश विद्रायात्र श्रेयशः शुः यतुषाः व श्रेयशः ग्रीः ग्रिः विदेशः वद्यः द्यः द्यः द्यः द्यः द्यः द्यः विदेशः म्त्रियं स्थान्यात् स्थान्यात् स्थान्य यहम्भाषायषादेःमद्रव्याग्रदःहेद्यस्य भीत्वयुरःर्देश सुन्देमा खेदायायषाः र्वेषा सान्देर्गणा प्रमाप्या विष्यालेश्वार्त्वसार् प्राचित्र विष्याचे विषया विषया विषया विष्या विषया र्भेः देवमानुरम्बन्धारम्भावम्यायानम्बायानिः देक्रमम्बन्धिः सर्वरमान्द्रम्यान्

यद्वश्चितः स्यास्त्रियशः श्चीत्रः द्वायाद्वर्याय्यः हिःस्रम्यद्वरः वास्रायद्वर्यः व्यायाद्वर्यः त्यायाबाराधीव वयायह्याबाराबायारावबार्याटा याद्वाराधीटा यादा तुः प्यादा से यादा तुः प्यादा से व्यादा से व्यादा स व्यात्युरावाभेदायते देवार्षा वरात्युरार्देश वहमानार्षायायन स्वीत्वरागुन वहमानायो स्वीतः डेश र्सेः दे स्र- यहम्म अविदामिन मुद्दा में विद्यापा केता यहम्म अप्राप्तः स्टायनित्र अप्राप्त स्वार् र्चरायदार्थीः हेन्। हे सुरायदासर्वेदायमार्यदाविवाग्रीः मूँदायामु व्यानु त्वत्वापमायमा विदेवार्यास्य मुंवायदं ने के प्रमायर्वा पहुंचा महासमा मुंवा स्वाया विष्य हिया मिन स्वाय मिन स्वाय मिन स्वाय स्वया मिन स्वाय म दगाः विश्वातः गविः देवः अदेवः शुरः रदः श्वरः शेषः । देशः श्वरः द्वराद्वरः हेगः श्वेशशः शुः देः श्वरः या विश्व रेषा परि ररा इता भी प्रवादित परि ता श्रेमशा बेश हु। हु। रणशाया परः धारा परः सुरा प्रवाद सुरा प्रवाद सुरा प्रवाद यक्ष्रवायदे द्विषाया स्वार्थे वस्रका उदा सदाक्षर सेषा यदे तक्षर सुत्य दुः सातद्वाया सेदादे है दे व्यटा दे विषय क्रॅंट स्वयं र्रेंट हे बा येद । प्रत्य प्रत्य में विश्व हें र्रेंट में ब्रिंट मा ब्रया या वा वा विश्व के कि वा के विश्व यदसः स्वरायास्त्रम् वर्षायायविष्ठात्रेः र्योदायास्य स्वरायसः स्वरायसः इत्यस्यः देवायस्यः स्वायदेः स्वः ब्रुन्यकिः ने सूर वर्षे अविव श्री बेशवावित्व वा सेन्ने ने स्वर्णिय विव वा सेन्ने ने स्वर्णिय विव वा सूर्य श्री भ्री होत्यः म्या व्या द्या द्या द्या द्या द्या प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्राप्त प्त प्र प्राप्त प्राप्त प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त प्र प्राप्त यदी लेबा प्रमूत क्रुप्त के दिया विकास क्षेत्र क्षुप्त के प्रमूत्र क्षेत्र क्षे क्रॅंबाक्षेत्रायः ग्राम्बादाराम्ब्र्यत्यात्रम्यायात् क्रुत्यायात् वर्षः क्रुत्यायात् वर्षः वर्षः वर्षः वर्षः व याश्चरकार्या म्याश्चरायात्रः विकार्सः धार्मा स्रोतायाकः स्टानुदाधाः विकार्गीः स्रायायात्रः यग् कग्रायोदार्देश यात्रेग् यायोदार्देश श्रेयश्योदार्देश विश्वास्यायोदार्देश विश्वास्यायोदार्देश युद्धास्यायोदार्देश युद्धास्यायोदार्देश युद्धास्य यमायन्मायामेन्द्रिः देषायाकेन्यामार्येद्रायामार्येद्रानेः यो विमासुः सूद्रायामारायदामेन्द्रिः ने वसमा

उर्'दिंद्र'य' सेर्'य' यश्चा तुर्देश वेश र्शेश रे'व्या ह्रेंद्र'या सूद्र'य र दें ह्यू र'य' वेश रे'सूर्य सेर्'य विवर् . इता बूट रे र प्यट बूट प्रवास गुर ता विष्य प्रवेद र त्युर प्या से र पश क्र सा के विषय हा सा सा सा सा सा सा सा कॅशः भ्रुतिः रॅं र्वे रेत्र तुर्या शुराया ये र उदा उदा अदा सूदा वर्षे । कुरायमः विषया ये र स्वाया ये र उदा यदा तकरः क्रॅटाम्बर्यार्चमाउटारमुरायायेदः डेबार्बाः ब्रूटाक्रॅटाम्वेबायेदर्भुटायावेवादे द्वारायाय वस्रकारुन् गुम् कुं मुक्ति पर्ने धिक पर्वया प्रकासी होन् यह पर्ने या सूम् वुम् वुम् सेन् में सेन् सेन् सम् बेयबार्वित् ग्री गूर्वित् प्रम्याप्तेश यादासूराबूदायदार्या दें विवार्ब्हेताया मुप्यर्के वरायी यावता सूरायविता प्रवित् सेन् प्रमः शुक्षः हें म्रावाः दिन्या सूर्यः हें प्रमित्र शुस्त्रे हे का केंश्व मित्र सेन् म्रावित्र हें ब्रुन्याकिः नेवान्याम्याम्बर्याकेषायाम्बर्याकेषायोन्याम्बर्धान्यान्यानेषाया देश मदाबी मेवायान्द्रेश ये नदास्र स्वायाया स्वायाया स्वायाया स्वायाया स्वाया स्वया स्वाया स्य गुव हु पवर में प्रेव कें भेंदर पर में दर पर मुदर मा कर पर में भे स्टर मा वर्ष के पर में किया में पर दिने कें मा मुरगुव हु वबद्रार्थियद्भे दे भूराम्बयार्स्ट्रम्मिक्षासुर्धेद्रायदे स्ट्राच्च्या मिक्सि दे स्ट्राच्चित्रा विकासिक्षित्र विकासिक्ष विकासिक्य व्यक्तिंश ग्री स्नुर में या येंश रेषा स्यायवाषा या ये दाय है। येंद्र से सुर में वाय ये सुर में या येंश हैर ब्रूटः म्हार्म् स्टार्म् त्यात् द्वेश्वायात् विश्वायात् विश्वायायात् विश्वायात् विश्वायात् विश्वाय वै. सदः रेषा छेदः दें र्वे र्वे स्वाम्बुय त्यु रावा येदः छेषा र्वे । वया त्यु रायवाः सदः बेयवा र्वे या वेषा वु यः गर्रमान्त्रम् र्देट्र येद्रः यहम्बर्ययास्य साहेद्र क्रुः सर्वद्र येद्रः मविः सः येद्रः याद्यः स्ट्रेट्य वयामव्यः विवार्वेः द्याः स्ट्र रदार्ग्यायातुः दें श्रुतातृक्ष ते प्रसातृषा स्वते स्वार्मेषा सदार्ग्यायो विका ग्री देवा यस दें श्रुताया विका वदातृषा . केपु. श्रेत्रश्राचारात्रात्त्रश्राच्यात्रात्त्रश्राच्याः श्रेत्राचारात्राः श्रेत्याः चरात्राः वेशः मी. त्रेशः मी. वेशः मी. व्याः सी. वेशः मी. वेशः मिहे सुमा वे से हिंगाय है। दे दें हैं दाय है राषद सम्बाय मित्र समा सम्बाय समा के समा मित्र समा समा समा समा समा

વિશ્વાસા મારા શ્રેંતાક લે સ્ટ્રાર્વે મુશ્લા વશ્યો ભેંદાસુ ત્વું તે ખેરવે સાસુ મરા શેંબક દાસુતા તે ગાુવા બચારા સુતા यश्राने अव्यादानि पुः भी भी श्रामाश्रामा श्रीदातु स्टार्मियः वर्षे दास्य स्वाधानि स्वाधानि स्वाधानि स्वाधानि स बॅर-हॅग्राबायदेणे नेबाहेश परे-ब्रॅटर्-र्रायट ब्र्यार्न्या देश्वाबाद्यावाये विकास विकास विकास विकास विकास विकास यदे थे ने श्र श्र मद भूषा प्रति । दे श्र म स प्रति हैं दे श्र श्र प्रति । विश्व हैं दे श्र प्रति । विश्व हैं स्र प्रति । विश्व हैं दे श्र प्रति । विश्व हैं दे श्र प्रति । विश्व हैं स्र प्रति । विश्व हैं र्स्रम्बरपावस्थाउर र्राप्त में प्राचीयायः इत्याये विद्याप्यायः क्रिंबार्झे प्रमुद्र विवित्र हिंदार् ग्रीयाया वस्रकान्द्रनान्त्रेनान्त्रेकान्त्रात्रात्रात्रकान्त्रात्रात्रकान्त्रकान्त्रात्रकान्त्रकान्त्रकान्त्रकान्त्रकान म्ह्यां त्रिया त्रिया त्राप्त्र म्ह्या मिल्ला स्टास्त्र र्सेः यदः द्वार्सेन्यार्भति।स्यायेत्रस्यायेत्रस्थे रेन्यायार्द्धेदायातेत्रः तुः र्मेयाः दयद्याद्याद्यार्धाः है यविदःर्देश विद्यार्थेश देःद्रवार्थेष्यश्च्याः सदःर्योवार्दः द्वेदःयदेश देःस्रदःर्वेषाद्याः विद्यायाः . युत्यःयुत्यः उत्तः कुः क्षूदः चः दृदः हें मः चः सः यम् अत्यः चक्षु अः यशः सदः चित्रः योदः देः त्रयः यावदः यः दहरः स्वेतः । षयायायिवेदार्मेयार्यः सायाम्हेषायसाधायमान्यसाधायमार्द्धाः स्वराषदाद्दां द्वाराम्यायायस्य यानदःसः तुः त्यान्या वार्षे वादा स्रोतः देश वयुः वेदः स्टः वास्तः हेः व्यान्यः केः व्यान्यः विषयः विषयः विषयः पशः बूदः पर्दे र्क्षेत्रा क्रुस्रायः सदः प्रतिवादि सेदः पर्दे प्रसः स्वादः स्वादः स्विदः स्वितः स्वितः स्वादेशः र्क्षेण्यानुष्यात्याप्यात्र्यायादेश विषार्येश देशस्य प्रमान्याय विष्याय स्थापित्राय स्थापित्राय स्थापित्राय स चत्रुबाचबार्क्रेबासुरदद्दिनायावस्रवाउदात्वकार्च्यानेः वार्देदास्रावबानाः नवावीःविसास्यार्वेशः देः स्र-रहेंग्रबायदेरेंद्देवायार्त्तेबाग्हरायबायर्बेसर् सेराहेश पर्बेस्यासीयर्बेस्यामीयर्वेद्धायायबार स्टार्म्ययार्थेश वस्रकाउन् त्यो नेका क्रेत्र चेंदे चेंद्या प्रस्पर महार्थे विश्व दिन स्थित प्रस्ते विश्व क्रेत्र चेंदे चेंद्र चेंद् द्वः भेट्यः सेन् प्यः मन्द्रः क्र्यः वर्षाः क्रेन् प्यर्देः भेषा सेन् प्यः ययः स्राप्यः स्राप्यः स्राप्तः स्रा क्षाचानुरामेन्दरनुः वेषायरानुः वेषान्दः नेत्र्राचक्षरामेन्त्रीः र्वेत्रःह्वष्यावः स्वाविः र्वेत्रायश्रामेः तर्देश सुप्तादराषी श्रामेर् दे प्रेर्पाया थितः देते प्रदार्त् मत्राप्ते वेश्वार्मेश दे सूर्र दे वेश्वारम्

र्च म्या मा स्था मा स